

# **INSTRUCTION MANUAL** K3005A / K3007A

250V / 500V / 1000V **DISITAL INSULATION-CONTINUITY TESTER** 



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## **1. SAFTY PRECAUTIONS**

- O The instrument is designed to produce in accordance with the following standards and supplied in the best conditions after successfully clearing the inspection.
- IEC 61010-1 Overvoltage CAT III 300V Pollution Degree 2
  IEC 61010-2-31

This instruction manual describes warnings and safety rules which must be observed by the user to ensure safety operation of the instrument and to retain it in safe condition. Therefore, read through these instructions before using the instrument.

# **▲** WARNING

- Read through and understand instructions contained in this manual before using the instrument.
- Save and keep the manual handy to enable quick reference whenever necessary.
- The instrument must only be used by a competent trained person and operated in strict accordance with the instructions. MAJORTECH will not accept any liability for any damage or injury caused by misuse or non-compliance with the instructions or safety procedures.
- It is essential to understand the safety rules contained in the manual. They must be observed on using the instrument.

Be sure to observe the above rules strictly. Not following the instructions may cause injury or instrument damage.

 $\bigcirc$  The symbol  $\triangle$  on the instrument means that the user must refer to the relevant section of this manual for safe operation of the instrument. There are three kinds of the symbol  $\triangle$ . Read the following instructions of each

 $\underline{\mathbb{A}}$  DANGER is reserved for conditions and actions that are likely to cause serious or fatal injury.

 $\bigtriangleup$  WARNING is reserved for conditions and actions that can cause serious or fatal injury.

▲ CAUTION is reserved for conditions and actions that can cause minor injury or instrument damage.

## ▲ DANGER

Do not use this instrument on energized (LIVE) circuits.
 Do not take measurement in the presence of fiammable gasses.

- Otherwise, the use of the instrument may cause sparkling, which leads to an explosion.
- Always keep your fingers behind the barrier on test probe during measurement.
- Never use the instrument if its surface or your hand is wet.
- Never open the battery compartment cover while taking measurement.

# <u>∧</u> WARNING

- Do not attempt to take any measurements, if any abnormal conditions occur, such as broken test probe and cracked enclosure of the instrument.
- Never change function switches with test probe connected to the equipment under test.
- Do not install substitute parts, perform any unauthorized modification, or disassemble the instrument. Return the instrument to MAJORTECH or your distributor for service and repair so as to ensure the safety features are maintained.

O not replace batteries when the surface of the instrument is wet.

Make sure to disconnect the test probe from the instrument before opening the battery compartment cover for battery replacement.

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## **≜** CAUTION

- Always make sure to set the function switch or range selector switch to the appropriate position before taking measurements.
- Do not expose the instrument to the direct sun, dew fall or extreme temperature and/or humidity.
- When the instrument will not be in use for a long period of time, place it in storage after removing batteries.
- Use a damp cloth soaked in water or neutral detergent for cleaning the instrument. Do not use abrasives or solvents.

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# 2. FEATURES

K3005A / K3007A are microprocessor controlled insulation-continuity testers.

- Designed to safety standards: IEC 61010-1 Overvoltage CAT III 300V Contamination Degree 2 IEC 61010-2-31 (Safety requirements for hand-held probe assemblies)
- Display with back light function to facilitate work at night or dimly lit locations (K3007A only)
- Bar graph to indicate measured results
- Strap belt to make both hands' operation easier
- Live circuit warning indication and buzzer
- Auto discharge function

When insulation resistance is measured, electric charges stored in capacitive circuits are automatically discharged after testing. Discharge can be checked with live voltage graph.

Auto power off function

To prevent the instrument from being left powered on and conserve battery power, the instrument automatically turns off approx. 10 minutes after the last switch operation.

LOK mode (K3007A only)

The test current is removed once a stable reading is reached to prevent unnecessary battery consumption.

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## **3. SPECIFICATIONS**

Measuring Range and Accuracy (at 23±5°C, relative humidity 45 -75%)

O Insulation Resistance Ranges:

Nominal C	Output Volta	ge	250V	500V	1000V
Measuring		0~19.99MΩ	0 ~19.99MΩ	0~19.99MΩ	
Ranges	ļ		<sup>`</sup> 0 ~ 199.9MΩ	0 ~ 199.9MΩ	0 ~ 199.9MΩ
nanges			0 ~ 1999MΩ	0 ~ 1999MΩ	0 ~ 1999MΩ
Open-Circ	uit		250V DC	500V DC	1000V DC
Voltage			+20%,-0%	+20%,-0%	+20%,-0%
Nominal Current		1mA DC min.	1mA DC min.	1mA DC min.	
		at 0.25MΩ	at 0.5MΩ	at 1MΩ	
Short-Circ Current	1.5mA approx				
Accuracy	20ΜΩ 200ΜΩ		$\pm$ 1.5%rdg $\pm$ 5dgt		
Accuracy	2000 0~1 MΩ 1G~2		±10%	rdg ±3dgt	±3%rdg ±3dgt

O Continuity Ranges:

Ranges	20Ω	200Ω	2000Ω
Measuring Ranges	0 ~ 19.99Ω	0 ~ 199.9Ω	0 ~ 1999Ω
Open-Circuit Voltage		7 ~ 12V approx	
Measuring Current at $0.2\Omega \sim 2\Omega$	200mA min		
Accuracy	$\pm$ 1.5%rdg $\pm$ 5dgt	±1.5%r	dg ±3dgt

O AC Voltage Indication

 $0 \sim 600V$   $\pm 5\%$ rdg  $\pm 3$ dgt

 Typical Number of Measurements.
 (central tendency for supply voltage up to 8V) Insulation Resistance Ranges: Approx. 1000 times min. at load 0.5MΩ Continuity Ranges:

Approx. 700 times min. at load 1Ω

## Operating Errors (IEC 61557-2,-4)

		Managering same to line-	1 Maria
Functions	Range	Measuring range to keep	Maximum percentage
		operating error	operating error
	20MΩ	0.50 ~ 19.99MΩ	
1000V	200MΩ	1.0 ~ 199.9MΩ	
	2000MΩ	10 ~ 1000MΩ	
	20MΩ	0.50 ~ 19.99MΩ	
500V	200MΩ	1.0 ~ 199.9MΩ	
	2000MΩ	10 ~ 100MΩ	
	20MΩ	0.50 ~ 19.99MΩ	±30%
250V	200MΩ	1.0 ~ 199.9MΩ	
	2000MΩ	10 ~ 100MΩ	
	20Ω	0.20 ~ 19.99Ω	
	200Ω	1.0 ~ 199.9Ω	
	2000Ω	10 ~ 1999Ω	

The influencing variations used for calculating the operating error are denoted as follows;

Temperature:	0°C and 35°C
Supply voltage :	8V to 13.8V

#### Applicable Standards

IEC 61010-1	Over voltage CAT III 300V Pollution Degree 2
IEC 61010-2-31	Safety requirements for hand-held probe
	assemblies
IEC 61557-1/2/4	Measuring equipment for low voltage
	distribution systems
IEC 61326-1	EMC

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IEC 60529 (IP54) Dust & drip proof Operating System: Dual integration

Display:

Dual integration Liquid crystal display (maximum count: 1999), Unit, Mark Bar graph 30 points max. (20 points on  $\Omega$ 

Over range Indication:	"OL" is shown on the display.
Sample Rate:	Approx. 0.5 ~ 2.5 times per second
Operating Temperature & Humidity:	0 ~ +40°C, relative humidity up to 85%
Storage Temperature & Humidity:	-20 ~ +60°C, relative humidity up to 75%
Insulation Resistance:	More than $50 M \Omega$ at 1000V DC between electrical circuit and housing case
Withstand Voltage:	3700V AC for one minute between electrical circuit and housing case
Overload Protection	
Insulation resistance range	S:
1000V Range	1200V (DC+AC p-p) for 10 seconds
500V Range	600V (DC+AC p-p) for 10 seconds
250V Bange	300V (DC+AC p-p) for 10 seconds

range)

500V hange	buuv (DG+AC p-p) for To seconds
250V Range	300V (DC+AC p-p) for 10 seconds
Continuity ranges:	
20/200/2000Ω	280V (DC+AC p-p) for 10 seconds
Range	(Protection by fusing)

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- Dimensions: 185(L) x 167(W) x 89(D) mm approx.
- Weight:
- Power Source: 8 x R6P, 1.5V AA or equivalent
- Auto-power-off Function: Automatically turns off approx. 10 minutes after the last switch operation.
   Consumption current: approx. 75µA

900g approx. (including batteries)

#### Accessories

Test Probe MODEL7122	x 1 set
Strap belt	x 1
Test probe pouch	x 1
Batteries (R6P)	x 8
Instruction manual	x 1
Spare fuse F600V/500mA	x 1

# 4. INSTRUMENT LAYOUT

## 4-1 INSTRUMENT LAYOUT



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1 PLOBE CAP (BLACK & RED)

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1... INSULATION RESISTANCE SCALE

2···· BAR GRAPH

3···· CONTINUITY SCALE

4… LIVE CIRCUIT WARNING

	AC LIVE CIRCUIT	DISCHARGE VOLTAGE
	WARNING	
SAFE	0~2V	0~2V
	3~30V	3~60V
	31~60V	61~120V
	61~120V	121~240V
	120V over	240V over

5… TRACK/LOK MODE

6... AUTONULL OPERATION

7···· BATTERY VOLTAGE WARNING

8... CONTINUITY/INSULAATION RESISTANCE RANGE SETTING

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9··· UNIT

10---OUTPUT VOLTAGE GRAPH (INSULATION RESISTANCE)

	FUNCTION SETTING
	PER RATED OUTPUT VOLTAGE
ł	1 ~ 24%
	25 ~ 49%
	50 ~ 74%
	75 ~ 99%
	100% or over

11···· OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANGE 12···· MEASUREMENT VALUES

4-3 Connector



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# 5. PREPARATION FOR MEASUREMENT

#### 5-1 Removing the Cover

K3005A / K3007A have a dedicated cover to protect against an impact from the outside and prevent the operation part, LCD, and connector socket from becoming dirty. The cover can be detached and put on the back side of the main body during measurement.

Method of removing the cover

Method of storing the cover





#### 5-2 Battery Voltage Check

- ① Set the function switch to any position except "OFF".
- ② When the battery voltage warning symbol (1) is lit, the batteries are exhausted. Replace all of them with new ones according to section 8 for battery & fuse replacement.

#### 5-3 Test Probe Connection

Insert test probes fully into connector terminals of the instrument. Connect test probe (black) to EARTH terminal and test probe (red) to LINE terminal of connector terminal.

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# 6. OPERATION

# 6-1 Disconnection and check of power source of the circuit under test

## ▲ DANGER

- To avoid possible electrical shock, do not perform measurements on energized (LIVE) circuits.
- Never make measurements with the battery compartment cover removed.

### **▲** CAUTION

Never press the test button if the live circuit warning is indicated or the warning buzzer sounds. This may damage the circuit.

Voltage check can be made with the range selector switch at any position. Be sure to turn off the breaker for the circuit under test.

- $\textcircled$  Connect the test probe (black) to the earth side and the test probe (red) to the line side of the circuit under test.
- ② Ensure that the live circuit warning is not lit and the audible warning is not present. When the live circuit warning is lit and the buzzer sounds, never press the test button. Voltage is generated in the circuit under test. Recheck that the breaker for the circuit under test is "OFF".



#### 6-2 Insulation Resistance Measurement

#### ▲ DANGER

- Always test the circuit or equipment to ensure it is surely de-energized before measurement according to the instruction of 6-1.
- To avoid electrical shock, measurements must be performed on deenergized circuits only.
- When the test button is pressed with the range selector switch in the MΩ position, take care not to touch the tip of the test probe and the circuit under test where a high voltage is present in order to avoid possible shock hazard.
- Never make measurement with the battery compartment cover removed.

## ▲ CAUTION

- Never press the test button if the live circuit warning is indicated or the warning buzzer sounds. This may damage the circuit.
- Conduct the voltage warning check before measurement to ensure that the circuit under test is de-energized.
- ① Check the voltage which can be applied to the circuit under test and set the function switch and the range selector switch to the desired range.
- ② Connect the test probe (black) to the earth terminal of the circuit under test.
- ③ Put the tip of the test probe (red) to the circuit under test and press the test button.

The buzzer sounds intermittently during measurement.

Current outputs from the earth terminal, and returns to the line terminal.

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#### ④ Read the resistance value from the LCD.



(5) With the test probe still connected to the circuit under test, release the test button to discharge capacitance in the circuit after measurement.

## ▲ DANGER

Do not touch the circuit under test immediately after testing. Capacitance stored in the circuit may cause electric shock.

Leave test probes connected to the circuit and never touch the circuit until the discharge is completed.

Principle of Insulation Resistance Measurement

Resistance value can be obtained by applying a certain high voltage to the resistance (insulation resistance) and measuring the flowing current.



#### Terminal connection of insulation resistance test

In case of testing insulation of insulated wire and cable against the earth at direct current, connecting - pole of power to cable conductor, + to the earth obtains smaller measuring value, compared with connecting the other way round. This connecting method is generally acknowledged relevant to detect defective insulation.

## 6-3 Continuity Measurement (Resistance Tests)

#### ▲ DANGER

- Always test the circuit or equipment to ensure it is surely de-energized before measurement according to the instruction of 6-1.
- To avoid electrical shock, measurements must be performed on deenergized circuits only.
- Never make measurement with the battery compartment cover removed.

#### ▲ CAUTION

- Never press the test button if the live circuit warning is indicated or the warning buzzer sounds. This may damage the circuit.
- When an additional circuit is connected in parallel with the circuit under test, inaccurate reading may be taken.
- ① Set the function switch to the "AUTO NULL" position.
- ② Short the test probes (red) and (black) and press the test button. Then the resistance of the test probes is displayed and memorized with microprocessor.
- ③ Set the function switch to "Ω" position.
- ④ Connect the test probes to the circuit under test and press the test button.
  ⑤ Read the resistance value from the LCD.

NULL symbol (IIIII) is displayed while AUTO NULL function is working.
 AUTO NULL will be cancelled when the instrument is powered off.

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#### Principle of Continuity Measurement (Resistance Test)

Resistance value can be obtained by applying a certain current to the resistance under test and measuring the voltage generated on the both sides of the resistor under test.



#### 6-4 Continuous Measurement

A lock down feature is incorporated on the test button. Pressing and turning it clockwise, lock the test button in the continuous operating position.

To release the lock, turn the test button counterclockwise.

#### NOTE:

Model 3007A has TRAC/LOK function. When "LOK" mode is selected, sampling is conducted only once, even though the test button is locked down for continuous measurement.

To make continuous measurement, select "TRAC" mode.

## ▲ DANGER

Be extremely careful not to get electric shock during insulation resistance measurement as high voltage is present on the tip of test probes continuously.

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# 7. FUNCTIONS

#### 7-1 TRAC-LOK MODE (K3007A)

- TRAC mode : Measurement can be conducted while the test button is being pressed.
- When making continuous measurement, select this mode. LOK mode : When the test button is pressed, measurement can be conducted
  - only once, and output is stopped, then automatically discharged.
    - This allows to economize on the battery life.

## 7-2 AUTO NULL

When conducting continuity tests, the contact resistance of test probes etc. is automatically subtracted before the real resistance is displayed to obtain more accurate reading.

- This function is invalid when the contact resistance, etc. is  $10\Omega$  or more.
- NULL symbol (
  Imm) is displayed while AUTO NULL function is working.
- · AUTO NULL will be cancelled when the instrument is powered off.

#### 7-3 BACK LIGHT (K3007A)

Use BACK LIGHT to facilitate working at night or dimly lit situations. When the back light switch is pressed with the function switch in any position except "OFF", the back light continues illuminating for approx. 40 seconds and then turns off automatically.

When the back light switch is pressed again, the BACK LIGHT will turn off even within the lighting time.

Press the back light switch while it is on, the light gets brighter. Press it again to turn it OFF.

#### 7-4 AUTO-POWER-OFF

The instrument automatically turns off approx. 10 minutes after the last switch operation. To return to the normal mode, turn the function switch off, then to the desired position.

#### ▲ CAUTION

Slight current is still consumed even after the instrument was powered off by auto-power-off function. Turn the function switch to the "OFF" position when not using the instrument.

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# 8. BATTERY & FUSE REPLACEMENT

## ▲ DANGER

Never open the battery compartment cover while making measurement. To avoid possible electrical shock, disconnect the test probe before opening the cover for battery and fuse replacement.

Replacement fuse must be have the following rating.

Fast acting type, F 500mA/600V,  $\phi$  6.35 $\times$ 32mm

#### 8-1 Battery Replacement

- ① Disconnect test probes from the instrument.
- ② Open the battery compartment cover by unscrewing the metal captive screw to reveal battery compartment. Always replace all eight batteries with new ones at the same time. Battery type: 8 x R6P, 1.5V AA or equivalent
- 8-2 Fuse Replacement
  - ① Disconnect the test probe from the instrument.
  - ② Open the battery compartment cover by unscrewing the metal captive screw to reveal battery compartment and replace the fuse.

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▲ CAUTION Install batteries in correct polarity as marked inside.

## 9. CASE AND STRAP BELT ASSEMBLY

By hanging the instrument around the neck, both hands can be used freely for easy and safety working.



Pass the strap belt down through the side panel of the main body from the top, and up through the slots of the probe case from the bottom.



Pass the strap through the buckle, djust the strap for length and secure.

## **10. CLEANING OF THE INSTRUMENT**

- When cleaning the instrument, wipe it with a silicon cloth or soft cloth to remove dust or dirt.
- When it is hard to remove the dirt, wipe it with a cloth wet with water and dry the instrument completely after cleaning.

#### ▲ CAUTION

Never use any solvent which may transmute plastics, for example, organic solvent such as benzene, acetone, etc.

## **11. SERVICING**

If this tester should fail to operate correctly, return it to your nearest distributors stating the exact nature of the fault.

- Before returning the instrument, make sure that:
  - a) Operating instructions have been followed.
  - b) Leads have been inspected..
  - c) Fuse has been checked.
  - d) Battery has been checked.
  - e) The unit is returned with all accessory leads.

Remember, the more information written about the fault, the quicker it will be serviced.

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